PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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SCIENTIFIC-ATLANTA, INC. LEGAL DEPARTMENT

From the INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY	?
To: KENNETH M. MASSARONI	

PCT

SCIENTIFIC-ATLANTA, INC.		101		
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPAR	TMENT			
5030 SUGARLOAF PARKWAY LAWRENCEVILLE, GA 30044		WRITTEN OPINION		
,			(PCT Rule 66)	
			()	
		Date of Mailing	0.0.000	
21 21 22 23		(day/month/year) REPLY DUE	06 APR 2004	
Applicant's or agent's file reference	•	within 2 months/days from		
F-7259-PC	1 011	the above date of mailing		
International application No.	International filing date	(day/montn/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)	
PCT/US02/20519	26 June 2002 (26.06.200			
International Patent Classification (IPC)	or both national classificat	ion and IPC		
IPC(7): H04N 7/10,173 and US Cl.: 725	5/39-61 & 86-108			
Applicant				
SCIENTIFIC-ATLANTA, INC.				
1. This written opinion is the fir	st (first, etc.) drawn by t	this International Pre	liminary Examining Authority.	
2. This opinion contains indicate	ons relating to the followi	ng items:		
I Basis of the opinion	on			
II Priority	-			
	t of opinion with regard to	novelty, inventive	step and industrial applicability	
IV Lack of unity of it	-	, in voity, involute .	sop and maist an approximately	
		24		
	anations supporting such s	_	ty, inventive step or industrial applicability;	
VI Certain document	s cited			
VII Certain defects in	the international application	on		
VIII Certain observation				
3. The applicant is hereby invit	ed to reply to this opinion			
When? See the time I				
How? By submitting a written reply, accompanied, where appropriate, by amendments, according to Rule 66.3 For the form and the language of the amendments, see Rules 66.8 and 66.9.				
Also For an additional opportunity to submit amendments, see Rule 66.4. For the examiner's obligation to consider amendments and/or arguments, see Rule 66.4 bis.				
For an informal communication with the examiner			e 66.6	
If no reply is filed, the international preliminary examination report will be established on the basis of this opinion.			e established on the basis of this opinion.	
4. The final date by which the international preliminary examination report must be established according to Rule 69.2 is: 29 October 2003 (29.10.2003)			er 2003 (29.10.2003) .	
Name and mailing address of the IPEA	/US	Authorized officer		
Mail Stop PCT, Attn: IPEA/US Commissioner for Patents		110	Man / lab	
P.O. Box 1450		Faile I. Andrew		
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450		Telephone No. (7	03)305-4700 V) \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	

Form PCT/IPEA/408 (cover sheet)(July 1998)

International application No.	
DCT/11909/20510	

I.	Basi	asis of the opinion	
1.	With	ith regard to the elements of the international application:*	
	\boxtimes	the international application as originally filed	
	\boxtimes	the description:	
		pages 1-32, as originally filed	
		pages NONE, filed with the demand	
		pages NONE , filed with the letter of	
	\boxtimes	the claims:	
		pages 33-39, as originally filed	
		pages NONE, as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19	
		pages NONE, filed with the demand pages NONE, filed with the letter of	
		the drawings: pages 1-31, as originally filed	
		pages 1-31, as originally filed pages NONE, filed with the demand	
		pages NONE , filed with the letter of	
		The second limited and of the descriptions	
	Ш	the sequence listing part of the description:	
		pages NONE, as originally filed pages NONE, filed with the demand	
		pages NONE , filed with the letter of	
2.	lang	ith regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. The see elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language	y in thewhich is:
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule23.1(b)).	
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).	
		the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (55.2 and/or 55.3).	ınder Rules
3.		Fith regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the basis of the sequence listing:	e written
		contained in the international application in printed form.	
		filed together with the international application in computer readable form.	
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.	
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.	
		The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the discle	osure in the
	Г	international application as filed has been furnished. The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written se	guence listino
•		has been furnished.	quence nating
4.		The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:	
		the description, pages NONE	
		the claims, Nos. NONE	
		the drawings, sheets/fig NONE	
5.		This opinion has been drawn as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been consider	red to go
		beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).	o-
		placement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are pinion as "originally filed."	e referred to in

International application No. PCT/US02/20519

WRITTEN OPINION

Form PCT/IPEA/408 (Box V) (July 1998)

V. Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement				
1. STATEMENT				
Novelty (N)	Claims	4-51, 53-62, 70 & 73-7	' 4	YES
	Claims	1-3 & 63-69 & 71-72		NO
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims	NONE		YES
mvenuve step (13)	Claims			NO
				-
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims			YES
	Claims	NONE		NO
2. CITATIONS AND EXPLANATIONS Please See Continuation Sheet				
				•
				•

Form PCT/IPEA/408 (Box VII) (July 1998)

International application No.

PCT/US02/20519

VII. Certain defects in the international application			
The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted: Claim 52 is objected to under PCT Rule 66.2(a)(iii) as containing the following defect(s) in the form or contents thereof: Claim 52 depends from itself, and is therefore indefinite.			

Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

TIME LIMIT:

The time limit set for response to a Written Opinion may not be extended. 37 CFR 1.484(d). Any response received after the expiration of the time limit set in the Written Opinion will not be considered in preparing the International Preliminary Examination Report.

V. 2. Citations and Explanations:

Claims 1-3 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Dixon, (U.S. Pat # 5,933,206).

Considering claim 1, the claimed feature of a recordable media content purchasing system comprising a first memory reads on the VOD system 10 along with storage devices 14, Fig. 1 & col. 2, lines 57-67 thru col. 3, lines 1-10.

The system manger 41 meets the claimed first processor configured with the first memory to download recordable media content at one of a plurality of various download times for purchase, col. 3, lines 10-28.

Considering claims 2-3, Dixon teaches that the downloading of the movies takes into account the historical consumption of the instant movie, col. 10-26 & col. 4, lines 12-25.

Claims 63-69 & 71-72 lack novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by Candelore, (U.S. Pat # 6,057,872).

Considering claim 63, Candelore discloses a recordable media content purchasing method comprising receiving a user request to purchase of recordable media content; see col. 5, lines 5-15 & col. 8, lines 45-65.

The claimed downloading of the requested media at various download times is inherent in Candelore.

Considering claim 64, see Fig, 4-Fig. 6.

Considering claim 66, see col. 5, lines 5-15 & Fig. 1.

Considering claims 67-69, the claimed subject matter reads on VOD, NVOD and PPV, all of which are disclosed in Candelore, col. 3, lines 5-30.

Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Considering claims 71-72, see col. Fig. 3-Fig. 6.

Claims 4-6 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Dixon.

Considering claim 4, examiner takes note that at the time the invention was made, encryption was well known in the art. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Dixon to encrypt the movies before transmission, for the known benefit of ensuring only authorized viewers receive and/or display the movie.

Considering claims 5-6, 35-38 Dixon does not discuss the transmission speed. Examiner takes note that at the time the invention was made, it was known to transmit video programming at different speeds. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Dixon to transmit the data at higher in order for the viewer to get the movie ASAP, or at a lower speed in order to conserve bandwidth.

Claims 7-51 & 53-62 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Dixon, in view of Russo, (U.S. Pat # 5,619,247).

Considering claims 7-8, Dixon does not discuss the detail of the customer's receiver.

However, Russo is also a VOD system, and discloses movies being downloaded and stored at a customer's site, Abstract & col. 4, lines 10-22. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Dixon to download and store movies at the customer site at least so that the viewer can see the movie several times without having it transmitted each time.

As for the further claimed feature of the viewer being billed differently for different transmission rates, examiner notes that at the time the invention was made it was known to provide the customer with the option of different transmission quality of service levels. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Dixon to provide the customers with the different transmission rates, at least for the desirable benefit of allowing the customer the option to customize his transmission quality.

Considering claims 9-10, Dixon & Russo read on the claimed subject matter.

Considering claims 11-18, 24, 26, examiner takes note that at the time the invention was made; maximizing the use of bandwidth was very well known, such as for instance using peak or non-peak bandwidth times. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to operate Dixon in a manner that the movies are transmitted at different bandwidths at least in order to most efficiently utilize the different bandwidth availability.

Considering claims 19-23, the claimed subject matter reads on the movies stored as files at a central site in both Dixon & Russo.

Considering claim 25, Dixon & Russo provide purchase verification and viewer authentication.

Considering claim 27, both Dixon & Russo provide a hard disk drive.

Considering claims 28-34, the claimed subject matter reads on Dixon, Fig. 2.

Considering claims 35-38 Dixon does not discuss the transmission speed. Examiner takes note that at the time the invention was made, it was known to transmit video programming at different speeds. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Dixon to transmit the data at higher in order for the viewer to get the movie ASAP, or at a lower speed in order to conserve bandwidth.

Considering claims 39-43, examiner notes that at the time the invention was made it was known to provide the customer with

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Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

the option of different transmission quality of service levels. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Dixon to provide the customers with the different transmission rates, at least for the desirable benefit of allowing the customer the option to customize his transmission quality.

Considering claims 44-51, examiner takes note the GUI technology such as EPG was well known in the art for providing customers with interactive screens for selecting movies.

Considering claims 53-55, examiner takes note that at the time the invention was made, it was known to inform viewers when movies are not available and require a PIN or some other authentication algorithm. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Dixon to notify viewers of movie availability and alternate purchase options, at least in order to provide a more user-friendly environment. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Dixon to require a PIN before ordering a movie to ensure that the requestor is authorized o make such a purchase.

Considering claim 56, both Dixon and Russo enable a user input device.

Considering claims 57-62, see Russo col. 4, lines 45-60.

Claims 70 & 73-74 lack an inventive step under PCT Article 33(3) as being obvious over Candelore.

Considering claims 70 & 73-74, examiner takes note that at the time the invention was made, it was known to provide data based upon the server's and bandwidth use and availability; and variable bit rate and off-peak bandwidth. It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to modify Candelore with the claimed features, at least for the advantage of a more flexible system, in order for the customer pay according to the level of service provided.